F-867

## IN THE CLAIMS

The pending claims are presented here for reference. No amendments are proposed at this time.

## 1.-20. (Cancelled)

21. (Previously Presented) A method of inhibiting methylation of DNA comprising contacting a DCMTase with a synthetic inhibitor molecule so as to form an enzyme/synthetic inhibitor molecule complex in the presence of the DNA,

wherein the synthetic inhibitor molecule comprises a C-5 methylcytosine which recognizes and binds an allosteric site on DCMTase, thereby inhibiting DNA methyltransferase activity.

22. (Previously Presented) A method of inhibiting proliferation of cancer cells comprising

administering to a subject a synthetic inhibitor molecule that comprises a C-5 methylcytosine which recognizes and binds an allosteric site on DCMTase thereby resulting in an enzyme/synthetic inhibitor molecule complex,

the presence of the complex inhibiting DCMTase-mediated methylation of DNA, thereby inhibiting proliferation of the cancer cells.

- 23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the cancer cell is from lung, breast, prostate, pancreas or colon.
- 24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the synthetic inhibitor molecule is a synthetic oligonucleotide comprising a C-5 methylcytosine and which recognizes and binds an allosteric site on DNA cytosine methyltransferase (DCMTase) thereby modulating DCMTase activity associated with the allosteric site.
  - 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the subject is a human.
  - 26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the subject is an animal.

- 27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 26, wherein the animal is porcine, piscine, avian, feline, equine, bovine, ovine, caprine or canine.
- 28. (Withdrawn) A method of identifying a molecule which recognizes and binds an allosteric site on DCMTase comprising:
  - (a) contacting a molecule with DCMTase in the presence of DNA and AdoMet,
  - (b) measuring DCMTase activity, an increase or decrease in DCMTase activity being indicative of a modulator of DCMTase; and
  - (c) determining whether the modulation of DCMTase activity is via binding an allosteric site on DCMTase.
  - 29. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein the modulator is an inhibitor.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 28, wherein DCMTase acrivity is measured using a steady-state assay.
  - 31. (Cancelled)
- 32. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 22, wherein the synthetic inhibitor molecule is a synthetic oligonucleotide.
  - 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the subject is a human.
  - 34. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24, wherein the subject is an animal
- 35. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 34, wherein the animal is porcine, piscine, avian, feline, equine, bovine, ovine, caprine or canine.